Mobil

MOBIL BUSINESS RESOURCES CORPORATION Office of Legal Counsel - Intellectual Property Group 3225 Gallows Road Fairfax, VA 22037

703 846-7795 Tel

FAX 703 846-7799 FAX 703 846-7796

Tel MAT 466-7

Jeffrey V. Nase

U.S. PTO Box Comments - Patents

Location

FAX number

703 308-6916

From

Malcolm D. Keen

Date

21-Nov-96

Pages sent

(plus cover)

Message

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE

This facsimile message and any accompanying documents are intended only for the use of the addressee indicated above; they may contain information that is subject to legal privilege or is otherwise confidential under applicable laws. If this transmission has reached you in error, please immediately contact the sender by telephone or facsimile at the numbers given above and return the copy you receive by mail. Any copying, distribution or other use or disclosure of this information by anyone other than the above-named recipient is strictly prohibited.

Mobil

MOBIL BUSINESS RESOURCES CORPORATION 3225 GALLOWS ROAD FAIRFAX, VIRGINIA 22037-0001 TELEPHONE (703) 846-7796 FACSIMILE (703) 846-7777

OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

MALCOUM D. KEEN SENIOR COUNSEL

21 November, 1996

Box Comments - Patents Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington D.C. 20231

Attention: Jeffrey V. Nase Internet to Regreform @uspto.gov CONFIRMATION FAX

Sir,

The following comments are submitted on the proposals to amend the rules of practice in patent cases (60 FR 49820, Docket No. 960606163-6163-01, RIN 0651-AA80).

1.116(A), 116(b).

The proposed change to 1.116(a) limits the ability to enter amendments after final to those which cancel rejected claims or comply with requirements as to form. The comments state that amendments which place the application in condition for allowance may be entered under the authority of the examiner. The change to 116(b) requires a continuing prosecution application (CPA) to be filed with any amendment which is not in compliance with paragraph (a) "to ensure its consideration".

First, the expectation that examiners would exercise discretion to enter amendments not strictly complying with 1.116(b) may be overlooked when the rules enter into force and the official commentary is left behind. If it is intended to give the examining corps discretion to enter amendments, that should be expressly provided in the rules.

Second, a CPA is a request to expressly abandon the prior application as of the filing date of the CPA (1.53(b)(3)(i)(B)). The filing of a CPA as required by 1.116(b) therefore has the effect of removing the ability either consider or to enter any amendment which might place the application in condition for allowance: if an application has been abandoned it has been removed from the examiner's jurisdiction. Certainly, there is no reason for an examiner to consider an amendment to an

application which the applicant has expressly abandoned. The proposed change therefore faces the applicant with the unenviable necessity of destroying the application in order to save it.

Whatever the merits of limiting the right of amendment after final, the proposed change to 116(b) places applicants in an untenable position. The proposed change should be withdrawn.

1.121(a)(2)(ii)

The proposed change requires a separate complete copy of all pending claims to be submitted in addition to the the submission with markings as required by 121(a)(2)(iii). While this proposed change will faciliate the review of the claims by the Examiner and provide the printer with a current version of the claims, it represents a continued burden on applicants. This burden is exacerbated by the fact that under the proposed change to 121(a)(2)(iv), omission of any claim is treated as a direction to cancel the claim. Applicants must therefore not only exercise considerable care in preparing the separate copy of the claims but must also retype the claims to remove the markings required under 121(a)(1)(iii).

In view of the burden imposed, reconsideration of the proposed change is urged.

The burden on Applicants could be alleviated if Applicants were given the option of making the markings required by 121(a)(1)(iii) using the Revisions function of commercial word processing software such as WORD or WORDPERFECT. This function permits revisions to be entered in a document with additions shown by underlining and deletions shown by strikethrough. The document can printed with these revisions after which the revisions can be merged into a clean copy of the revised document. The ability to use the well established word processing functions would enable applicants to comply with the separate copy requirement more easily. Since the strikethrough function is widely used to mark revisions to documents, it is believed that it would be as well understood within the Office as an alternative to the bracketing form of marking. In fact, strikethrough marking provides a better indication of the extent of a deletion since it gives a continuous visual indication throughout the deletion in contrast to brackets which may searching to find both paired brackets.

It is therefore suggested that if 121(a)(2)(ii) is retained, 121(a)(1)(iv) should be amended to permit (but not require) the use of strikethrough to mark deletions.

Very truly yours

Malcolm D. Keen